



## MOCK BIRDS.

Slice the mutton evenly; trim each piece; make a highly seasoned bread-crumbs stuffing; put a spoonful of this on each slice and fold into oblong rolls; or "birds;" fasten securely with little wooden skewers; put them all into a hot frying pan; add a little gravy; cover; simmer very slowly till they are steamed through but do not let them boil. Have ready some squares of buttered toast; lay them on this on a hot dish; pour the gravy over and garnish with sprigs of parsley.

## WE COULDN'T

## Supply the Black Birds

But Have The Meat For The Mock Birds

TRY THE RECIPE

It makes a dish, fit to set before anybody.

F. H. MILKS

Phone 2

## CAPTAIN HARDIN SWEENEY SPENDS FURLOUGH AT HOME.

Returns to Camp Taking Miss Alice Brink as Wife.

Capt. Hardin Sweeney, recently returned from service in France, arrived in Grayling last Friday morning to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sweeney. He is now permanently located at Camp Merritt, N. J. He returned to Camp Merritt Tuesday afternoon taking with him as his wife Miss Alice Oleva Brink of Bay City, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rolla W. Brink, formerly of Grayling. The marriage of this young couple is the culmination of a friendship that began during their school days.

The marriage ceremony was performed in the Grace Episcopal church in the presence of members of the families of the young couple and a concourse of friends and relatives. Capt. and Mrs. Sweeney left on an afternoon train for Camp Merritt where they will make their home. The bride was born in Grayling and spent her childhood here. A few years ago she moved with her parents to Bay City. During these latter years she has often visited Grayling. From a happy, sunny disposition she has developed into a young woman of splendid character and attractiveness.

Capt. Sweeney has lived many years in our midst. He is a graduate from our schools and a member of the class of 1915. The same year found him an enlisted regular in Uncle Sam's army and stationed in the State of Washington. He was favorably impressed with military life and his ambition to rise from the ranks, his education and natural genius soon won for him rapid promotion. In December of 1915 he had won a commission as 2nd lieutenant. Within six months later he passed examination for 1st lieutenant and was duly commissioned. His advance to a captaincy was also very brief and it was only because of the fact that he had not yet reached his 21st birthday

that his commission was delayed for a few months. During the past year he has served with the U. S. forces in France, with the 7th Machine gun company. His company was in conflict at Chateau-Thierry for a period of 18 days, and 15 days at Argonne. Capt. Sweeney was gassed while carrying a message from his colonel to the commander of one of the battalions which said "Boche are disorganized. Attack at once." The gases of his gas mask had become fogged and he was unable to see and removing it for a moment was sufficient to overcome him, but not before he was able to deliver his message. After a few days in a hospital he again joined his company where he served until a couple of weeks ago when he was transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J. At the latter place he will be permanently located and serve as assistant of the post in charge of a large work and as such he says they will have a place at in the city for their home. Just wishes of many Grayling friends to be theirs.

besides the parties, Capt. Sweeney's mother-in-law of Capt. Sweeney attending the wedding the evening of the wedding.

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## BOARD OF TRADE ELECTIONS OFFICERS

P. PETERSON ELECTED PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF TRADE.

Plans Are Laid For Future Operations. Big Meeting to Come Off Soon.

The newly elected directors of the Grayling Board of Trade, consisting of Fred Welsh, T. P. Peterson, A. J. Joseph, Harry Simpson, C. M. Morfit, Holger F. Peterson, Henry A. Bauman, E. W. Behlke, Frank Freeland and Emil Kraus, met at the Social Club Rooms Tuesday night of this week and elected the following officers:

President, T. P. Peterson. Vice President, C. M. Morfit. Secretary-Treasurer, Holger F. Peterson.

The directors voted to have a get-together meeting each month, with a banquet at Shoppenagon's Inn, open to all members and friends who might make desirable members of the board.

The board endorsed the movement for good roads and will boost the amendment authorizing the State to issue bonds for highway construction.

It is planned to conduct a campaign of instruction through the county thus to enable the voters to have a better understanding of the matter and be able to vote intelligently upon the amendment. The amendment would carry at the coming election.

From the lowliest depth there is a path to the loftiest height.

High School.

Many students have had their seats changed in the Assembly Room, this morning.

Business English, a new subject in school has been started by Miss

Grayling B. B. girls lost to the girls, 31-2.

50 names have been added to the High Roll. Of course all front seats are taken. "My

Following teachers are teaching: Wells—English, Latin I, Latin II, Algebra I, Algebra II, Geometry I, Geometry II, Macularian Literature, French I, English 9A, 10A and B, Modern and Ancient History, 11A and 12, History 7A, Business English, Bookkeeping, Botany 9 and 10, Arithmetic, Physiology and Chemistry, English 7 B and A, Arithmetic 7 B and A and Lytle—History 7 B and A, English 8 B, and Geography 7 B and A.

On account of the increased enrollment Miss Lytle is teaching in the Junior High.

There may be a B. B. game Friday evening. It is not fully decided upon as yet.

Sub-Primary, Mrs. Otterbein, teaches. Ten beginners came Monday, making this room a full attendance again.

The children are learning about Holland and the little Dutch boys and girls. Most of the hard work, stories, songs training and dances will be connected with Dutch life.

The boys and girls learned: "Whichever way the wind doth blow, Some heart is glad to hear it so, Then blow it east or blow it west, The wind that blows that wind is best." Then made stick pin wheels to prove it.

Mrs. Husted and Mrs. McNeven visited this room Thursday. We would like more parents to come to see us.

HUNGER THE MOTIVE OF CHAPLIN'S COMEDY.

Very Important Character in Charlie's Initial Million Dollar Film Has an Appetite for Something.

Hunger the most primitive of all emotions, according to psychologists, is the motive that supplies punch to many of the important scenes in Charlie Chaplin's new \$1,000,000 comedy, "A Dog's Life," which will be shown at the Grayling Opera House, Saturday March 8. At the beginning of the story, Charlie is awakened from his outdoor sleeping quarters in a fence corner by the tantalizing odor of steaming viands offered for sale by a passing hot dog vendor. This leads to a number of spirited adventures with the police, who resent Charlie's ambition to eat without paying the usual fee. Later on, Charlie's faithful dog famishing for something to eat, tests his teeth upon a well-lined pocketbook that some crook has buried in the ground. And when Charlie attempts to spend the money that has thus been provided in a cabby cafe, he is again brought into contact with the police, who are angry, who is himself stung for love and kindness.

Special Matinee on Saturday afternoon. Price 15c, max 25c. This comedy will also be shown in the evening.

PAY AT ONCE. IF THIS IS MARKED WITH A BLUE PENCIL IT SHOWS THAT YOUR SUBSCRIPTION IS DUE (OR WILL BE AT THE END OF THIS MONTH) AND MUST BE PAID AT ONCE OR YOUR AVALANCHE WILL BE STOPPED.

HONORED CITIZEN OF GRAYLING IS DEAD.

John Leece Passed Away Sunday, March 2.

John Leece, highly esteemed citizen and one of Crawford County's oldest residents passed away at his home in this city Sunday evening at 6:30 o'clock, and thus a life of much usefulness came to a close. Mr. Leece had been unable to get down town since Thanksgiving, but it was only two weeks ago that he was taken to his bed.

In a small village in England named Rustland, lived Thomas Leece and Margaret Leece and on March 3rd, 1832 to them was born a son, John Leece. When but a young man he came to America, his parents having come here some time before. At this time he located in Livingston county, which was in August 1855. After a short residence in this place he moved to Jackson, Mich., where on October 2, 1864 he was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Lound. To this union four children were born, George, William, Jay and Fred. Mrs. Leece died soon after the birth of the youngest son.

On October 2nd, 1878 he was again united in marriage; this time to Miss Mary Giddings, who survives him. Four children blessed this union, they being Ange, Harry, Albert and Harvey. Mr. Leece with his family came to Crawford county soon after his second marriage and located eight miles from Grayling down in the Stephan's district, ten years later moving into Grayling. The early part of his life he followed farming as a trade, but the latter years he with his wife have conducted a hostelry to accommodate the teachers of the schools here in Grayling. The elderly couple have won the respect of everyone whom they chance to meet, by their hospitable and congenial ways.

Mr. Leece served as County Registrar of Deeds for Crawford county for sixteen years, and also at one time was supervisor of this township. He was a member of the local board for many years. He was a devoted member of the Methodist church, belonged to the local chapter Eastern Star, and was a life member of the Masonic order. Besides his wife, of his eight children, five survive him; Jay Leece of Jackson, Harry Leece of Detroit, M. S. Jert Aashenfelder Grayling, George Leece of Jackson and William Leece of Cross Village, Michigan.

The funeral was held yesterday afternoon from the home at 1:30 o'clock and at the Michelson Memorial church at 2:00. It was conducted by the Masonic Order of which the deceased was a most devoted and faithful member. Mr. Leece was a good man and lived a good life and the community is better for having him in it. Mrs. Leece and children have the sympathy of the public in their loss.

Those from out of the city, who were in attendance at the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Jay Leece and son Norman of Jackson; Harry Leece of Detroit; and Mr. and Mrs. William Leece of Jackson.

A COMMUNITY AFFAIR.

There is a check waiting for each person who goes to church. It is a check on discouragement, the blues, sadness, fear and all the things that destroy health and happiness. Of course there is another kind of check that might bring more people at first, but the "check" that pushes aside and away the cause of unhappiness is rather good.

The Michelson Memorial church aims to be a friend with a "check." There is hardly a day but that the talking machine helps someone to enjoy music; boys and girls are using the basement as the place to play with good spirit; the men are having a forum on Sunday in their room; the young people are discussing community problems. In a word the church is "using." It can be used vastly more as people see the value of the "check" found there.

Last Sunday the Sunday school had forty-three more than the preceding Sunday. The departments are now organized. A home Department and a Cradle roll will be in motion soon. The probabilities are that a moving picture machine will be installed this month. The gymnasium material has not been installed as yet owing to delay in getting prices. But the boys are having a good time.

Next Sunday, a part of the service will be devoted to the discussion of the Wine and Beer Amendment. Shall we vote Wet? Evening sermon at seven o'clock Subject: "The Dog on our Trail." C. E. Doty, Pastor. Michelson Memorial Church.

It's Ended Then.

Youngham—"How can I tell when the honeymoon is over?" Oldham—"When your wife stops telling things and begins asking questions."

## EUROPE'S NEW MAP ABOUT COMPLETED

GERMANY'S WESTERN FRONTIERS BORDERING ON FRANCE IS FIRST IN IMPORTANCE.

Western Front Under 3 Heads

New Line Will End Drily Coal Fields Where Germany Based Her Military Strength.

Paris.—A new map of Europe is taking form rapidly, and within a week the frontiers of the old states will largely be defined as they are to appear in the peace treaty and the successive documents fixing territorial limits.

First in importance is Germany's western frontier bordering on France, which assumes international significance as a barrier against renewal of the present war. Owing to the issues involved, final determination of this question is left to the council of the great powers, but in the meantime tentative plans have been well advanced by the commission which coordinates reports on all frontier questions.

As it now stands, the western frontier comes under three main heads—first, Alsace-Lorraine; second, the great iron and coal regions of Briey and the Saar valley, and, third, the extensive strip of German territory lying on the west bank of the Rhine from the Palatinate northward.

With respect to Alsace-Lorraine the present tendency is to make a cession of this section to France without any condition of a plebiscite or otherwise. It is now occupied or by military forces under the armistice, and there is every indication the occupation will become permanent.

The Briey and Saar valley sections are chiefly important as furnishing iron, steel and coal on which Germany's military power was based and it is believed the new line will definitely put an end to any further use of these sources of German power. Part of the Briey and Saar sections will become French by the return of Lorraine.

HOOPER HERE D. U. S. RELIEF

Will Supervise Expanding of \$100,000,000 for Food.

Washington.—Herbert Hoover has been appointed by President Wilson as director general of the American Relief administration, created under the new \$100,000,000 European famine relief bill with full authority to direct the furnishing of foodstuffs and other urgent supplies purchased out of the relief fund and to arrange for their transportation distribution and administration.

Mr. Hoover, who already had been made director general of Allied relief under the commission sitting at Paris, also was given full power by the president to determine to which of the populations named in the relief bill the supplies shall be furnished and in what quantities.

He also is to arrange for reimbursement so far as possible as provided in the relief act.

In making public the president's executive order the food administration announced that Edgar Richard and Theodore F. Whitmarsh, who have been directing the affairs of the food administration during Mr. Hoover's absence in Europe, had been appointed by him joint directors in the United States of the newly created relief administration.

VICTORY LOAN PASSES SENATE

Bill Authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to Issue \$7,000,000,000 in Bonds.

Washington.—The Republican filibuster in the senate against the Victory loan bill collapsed like a bubble and the bill was passed without a roll call. The bill authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue \$7,000,000,000 in bonds and certificates and to fix the rate of interest.

Passage of the bill by the senate and the defeat of the filibuster mean that President Wilson will not be forced to call the sixty-sixth congress in extra session until after his return from Europe.

Republicans who undertook a filibuster against the bill realized that if they could bring about the defeat of the measure, they might compel the president to call congress in session this month. The president does not appear to desire that the Republican congress be in session to talk about what he is doing while he is in Europe.

Villa Breaks Loose Again. Juarez, Mex.—Francisco Villa's personal command under the direct leadership of the notorious bandit has burned the railroad station at Motezuma, 110 miles south of here, cut the telegraph wires, tore up the railroad and isolated Gen. Jesus Castro and his command in Juarez, where the commander of the north-eastern zone has been preparing to take the field against Villa. Fighting is expected south of here at any time.

## EMIL KRAUS

Always a Clean Stock, well kept up, of the Season's Best Merchandise, in Dry Goods, Shoes, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishings and Wearing Apparel.

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods Store

PHONE No. 811

## WHY COLDS ARE DANGEROUS.

You are often told to "beware of a cold," but why? We will tell you: Every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and paves the way for the more serious diseases. People who contract pneumonia first take cold. The longer a cold hangs on, the greater the danger, especially from the germ diseases, as a cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs of consumption, diphtheria, scarlet fever and whooping cough. The quicker you get rid of your cold, the less the danger of contracting one of these diseases. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a great reputation as a cure for colds and can be depended upon. It is pleasant to take.

Adv.

## A TIMELY SUGGESTION.

The next time you have a cough or cold try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is pleasant to take and you are sure to be pleased with the relief which it affords. This remedy has a great reputation for its cures of coughs and colds.

Adv.



## GOOD THROUGH AND THROUGH.

Lincoln proved equal to a great emergency because he was really good through and through. That is a quality we try to put into our baking. Our bread will satisfy you because the loaves are large, light, flaky, well baked and just as palatable and nourishing as they look. If you have been eating ordinary bread, try ours and see the difference. We'll stand or fall by the comparison.

THE MODEL BAKERY

## NOTICE TO . . . .

## Car Owners

OUR FINE NEW GARAGE IS NOW READY FOR STORAGE SERVICE.

We have plenty of room for everybody; the rooms are warm and your property will have proper protection at all times.

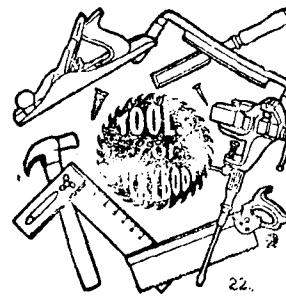
## Rates for Storage

\$5.00 per month with Battery service.  
\$4.00 per month without Battery service.  
Ford Cars—\$4.00 per month with Battery service; \$3.00 without Battery service.

At the above rates it will be cheaper to store your cars than to leave them in your own garage—the protection and saving on your tires will pay the cost of storage.

GEORGE BURKE Ford Sale and Service.

## HARDWARE



THERE are several reasons why this store enjoys a big patronage.

We carry a big stock. Sell highest quality in tools, builders' and mechanics' supplies, and household necessities.

Also this store is constantly looking out for the new useful things that come out.

Just make your wants known.

Salling Hanson Co. Hardware Department

ADVERTISEMENTS PROPERLY WRITTEN AND BACKED UP BY SINCERITY ON THE PART OF THE ADVERTISER IS POSITIVE OF RESULTS.



## Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year	\$1.50
Six Months	.75
Three Months	.40
Outside of Crawford county and Roscommon, per year	2.00

Entered as second class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY MARCH 6

## MAPLE FOREST NEWS.

"Cheer up, Bernie." "She will soon be back." George Gilbert is busy hauling wood.

W. G. Feldhauser is still busy logging for the Salling Hanson Co. Carl Parsons was a caller on Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Babbitt, also on Mrs. Edna, "eh! Carl?"

We expect the snow roller will soon be out, now that we have lots of snow. And Bernie isn't keeping the road broke.

John Malco is batching it, while his daughter Flora is away. Rufus Edmonds is busy registering women.

W. G. Feldhauser and John Malco have finished putting up ice.

Miss Flora Malco left for Grand Rapids last Monday to visit her mother, Mrs. J. Malco.

Mrs. W. G. Feldhauser was a business caller at Grayling last Saturday.

Harold Anderson was a caller over Sunday at Grayling. He enjoyed skating at the Pastime Roller rink.

John T. Parsons, the township Treasurer was a Waters' caller last week, collecting taxes.

Oscar Charron and family visited Mr. and Mrs. John Parsons, who are managing the Joe Charron farm.

Carl and Harold are busy sawing wood for George Gilbert.

Art Fox lost a valuable horse last week, collecting taxes.

## COY NEWS.

School started Monday in District No. 2. Elsie Hollowell as teacher. Lumbermen are very busy around here now.

O. B. Scott is attending Board of Supervisors this week.

Alice Scott will start teaching school in District No. 3 Monday, March 17.

Mrs. George Royce who has been on the sick list is now able to be around again.

The Birthday party given in honor of Bert Scott February 27 was certainly a surprise. A good time was enjoyed by all.

There were crowds seen in this vicinity the third, looks as though spring was very near here.

There was a dance given at Maple Grove school house last Saturday. A big crowd and good time was enjoyed.

Bertha Leine spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Leine.

Bert Scott and family spent Sunday with his father, Mr. J. Scott and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Nichols were callers at Alvin Scott's Sunday.

## Practice Cheerfulness.

Cheerfulness ought to be the vital cum vitae of our life to the old; as without cheerfulness is a Lapland winter without a sun; and this spirit of cheerfulness should be encouraged in our youth if we would have the benefit of it in our old age; time will make a generous wine more mellow; but it will turn that which is early on the feet to shingles in old age.

## AUSABLE VALLEY BREEZES.

It looks as if it will soon be time to go trout fishing and have those fried trout dinners in the wild woods, as we saw two crows this morning. A sure sign of Spring coming.

The young people had a very enjoyable time at Arthur Wakeley's last Saturday night.

"Ax," you must have been holding the lines with your feet, when you drove down Sunday. Those were rather crooked tracks.

Mrs. John Stephan has been in Grayling, caring for her daughter for the past ten days.

Mrs. H. Stephan received a nice bunch pin from France, from her nephew, Dan Babbitt.

At the Fish Hatchery there is a narrow strip of green grass over the steam pipe. It is a pleasant sight to see this bit of green after gazing on the beautiful white all winter.

D. R. M.

## FRANK DOMPHRE.

Sunday at the old homestead in Pere Cheney, occurred the death of Frank Domphre, a resident of that vicinity for about forty years.

The cause of death was old age, he having been in a feeble condition for a long time. He was 76 years old and with his wife made their living by farming, bringing the products of their labor to Grayling to sell.

He was the grandfather of Clyde and Edward King of this place. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon at the home in Pere Cheney, Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess officiating, and interment was in the Pere Cheney cemetery. His wife survives him.

W. R. C. HELD INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

The ladies of the W. R. C. held their annual installation of officers last Friday afternoon at the G. A. R. hall. The following officers were installed by Comrade W. S. Chalker:

President—Elsie Roblin; S. V. P.—Margaret Burton; J. V. P.—Lucy Robinson; Treasurer—Fannie Brenner; Secretary—Agnes Havens; Chap.—Jannette Matson; Con.—Laura Amidon; Guard—Minnie Isenhauser; A. Con.—Emma Jorgensen; A. Guard—Emma Cody; Press Cor.—Lula Love; Pat. Ins. Lela Kidston; C. B. Ins. 1—Fritze Kraus; C. B. Ins. 2—Emma McCullough; C. B. Ins. 3—Maren Petersen; C. B. ns. 4—Jennie Freeland.

After Officers being duly installed, other business came before the body for discussion, after which the meeting was closed and the members partook of a very delicious luncheon, prepared by the officers.

We were more than pleased to have Comrade Chalker with us, and hope that we may in the future have the pleasure of his attendance at our meetings, and also other comrades of the G. A. R. post.

There were more than 200 present at the installation.

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President—Elsie Roblin; S. V. P.—Margaret Burton; J. V. P.—Lucy Robinson; Treasurer—Fannie Brenner; Secretary—Agnes Havens; Chap.—Jannette Matson; Con.—Laura Amidon; Guard—Minnie Isenhauser; A. Con.—Emma Jorgensen; A. Guard—Emma Cody; Press Cor.—Lula Love; Pat. Ins. Lela Kidston; C. B. Ins. 1—Fritze Kraus; C. B. Ins. 2—Emma McCullough; C. B. Ins. 3—Maren Petersen; C. B. ns. 4—Jennie Freeland.

After Officers being duly installed, other business came before the body for discussion, after which the meeting was closed and the members partook of a very delicious luncheon, prepared by the officers.

We were more than pleased to have Comrade Chalker with us, and hope that we may in the future have the pleasure of his attendance at our meetings, and also other comrades of the G. A. R. post.

There were more than 200 present at the installation.

## LOCAL NEWS

Arthur Griffin of Vanderbilt was a guest of friends here over Sunday.

Miss Carrie Jorgenson is visiting friends in Ewen for an indefinite time.

Frank Dreese will leave tonight for eastern markets to buy new spring goods.

Everyone enjoyed the Switchmen's Union dancing party at the Temple theatre last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Spencer Melstrup and children of Detroit are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Salling.

Mr. and Mrs. George McPeak and little son returned from a few days' visit in Bay City with the former's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Moore, of Windsor, Ont., have been visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Mary Turner for the past couple of weeks.

Miss Jerine Lanky of Bay City was a guest of Miss Katharine Clark over Sunday. She attended the Switchmen's dancing party Saturday night and returned to her home Monday.

Edward Loring, who has been receiving military training at Camp Kearney, Calif., is in the city visiting friends. Mr. Loring left the employ of the du Pont Co. in this city last spring to enlist in the Cavalry.

A son, Frederick James, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Froesch, Monday, March 3rd in Detroit. Mrs. Froesch, who was formerly Agnes Smith is at the home of her mother in that city. The youngster weighs eleven pounds.

Samuel Rasmussen is spending the week here visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Rasmussen, after being discharged from military service. He had been at Camp Dodge, Iowa for several months and was mustered out at Camp Custer. He intends to return to Detroit first of the week, to resume his work at the Burrows-Adams Machine Company Plant.

Capt. Hardin Sweeney who has been spending a few days in Grayling since his return from France made a few statements to the Avalanche that are of special interest. Among them he said that "Judging from observations I think the American soldier is superior to any in Europe. The French are great fighters but they quit too soon, while the Americans are just as good fighters and won't quit."

"The work of the Salvation army in France is above par. It is the general opinion of the men and officers that their work was excellent."

"In the Y. M. C. A. there were many secretaries of from 40 to 55 years of age whose conduct and service was splendid, however there were hundreds of younger men who by their conduct have given the Association an unenviable reputation. Besides their valor was gone when they were confronted with positions of danger."

In speaking of the Red Cross, Capt. Sweeney said: "I want to thank the people of Grayling for the splendid work rendered by their chapter. I have no other way in which to repay them." When questioned in regard to the prohibition sentiment in the army he said, that he observed it in the state of Washington and also in Utah and he knew both states were better off than they had been before.

"It is essential that both the work of preparation and the subsequent settlement of the land should be effected by groups or colonies, not by men living independently of one another and in depressing isolation."

"A plan of this sort is already in operation in England. The insurance of the project as an item of any social reform program is obvious. It would afford employment to thousands upon thousands, would greatly increase the number of farm owners and independent farmers and would tend to lower the cost of living by increasing the amount of agricultural products. If it is to assume any considerable proportions it must be carried out by the governments of the United States and of the several States. Should it be undertaken by these authorities and operated on a systematic and generous scale it would easily become one of the most beneficial reform measures that has ever been attempted."

The reinstatement of the soldiers and sailors in urban industries will no doubt be facilitated by the United States Employment Service. This agency has attained a fair degree of development and efficiency during the war. Unfortunately there is some danger that it will go out of existence or be greatly weakened at the end of the period of demobilization. It is the obvious duty of Congress to continue and strengthen this important institution. The problem of unemployment is with us always. Its solution requires the co-operation of many agencies and the use of many methods, but the primary and indispensable instrument is a national system of labor exchanges acting in harmony with State, municipal and private employment bureaus.

Women War Workers.

"One of the most important problems of readjustment is that created by the presence in industry of immense numbers of women who have taken the places of men during the war. Mere justice, to say nothing of civility, dictates that these women should not be compelled to suffer a greater loss or inconvenience than absolutely necessary, for their services to the nation have been second only to the services of the men whose places they were called upon to fill. One general principle is clear: No female worker should remain in any occupation that is harmful to health or morals. Women should disappear as quickly as possible from such tasks as conducting and guarding street cars, cleaning locomotives and a great number of other activities for which conditions of life and their physiology render them unfit. Another general principle is that the proportion of women in industry ought to be kept within the smallest practical limits. If we have an efficient national employment service, if a goodly number of the returned soldiers and sailors are placed on the land and

## CATHOLIC CALL TO RECONSTRUCT

Church Council Lays Down Lines to Guide in Solving Post-War Problems.

TO INSURE SOCIAL JUSTICE.

Re-employment, Labor Reforms, Social Betterment, Economic Conditions and Relations Between Employer and Worker Subjects of Official Pronouncement.

Drawn up by the four bishops who represent the hierarchy of the Catholic Church in America in the administration of the National Catholic War Council, an official pronouncement on the social and economic reconstruction problems facing this nation has been issued from the headquarters of this church council in Washington, D. C. The document bears the signatures of Bishop Peter J. Muldoon of Rockford, Ill.; Bishop Joseph Schrembs of Toledo, O.; Bishop Patrick J. Hayes of New York City and Bishop William T. Russell of Charleston, S. C., and reads in part as follows:

Foreword.

"The ending of the Great War has brought peace. But the only safeguard of peace is social justice and a contented people. The deep unrest so emphatically and so widely voiced throughout the world is the most serious menace to the future peace of every nation and of the entire world. Great problems face us. They cannot be put aside; they must be met and solved with justice to all."

"In the hope of stating the lines that will best guide us in their right solution the following pronouncement is issued by the Administrative Committee of the National Catholic War Council."

Replacement of Men in Service.

"The first problem in the process of reconstruction is the industrial replacement of the discharged soldiers and sailors. The majority of these will undoubtedly return to their previous occupations. However, a very large number of them will either find their previous places closed to them or will be eager to consider the possibility of more attractive employments. The most important single measure for meeting this situation that has yet been suggested is the placement of such men on farms. Several months ago Secretary Lane recommended to Congress that returning soldiers and sailors should be given the opportunity to work at good wages upon some part of the millions upon millions of acres of arid, swamp and cut-over timber lands in order to prepare them for cultivation. President Wilson, in his annual address to Congress, endorsed the proposal. As far as this preliminary task has been performed the men should be assisted by government loans to establish themselves as farmers, either as owners or as tenants having long-time leases."

Farm Colonies.

"It is essential that both the work of preparation and the subsequent settlement of the land should be effected by groups or colonies, not by men living independently of one another and in depressing isolation."

"A plan of this sort is already in operation in England. The insurance of the project as an item of any social reform program is obvious. It would afford employment to thousands upon thousands, would greatly increase the number of farm owners and independent farmers and would tend to lower the cost of living by increasing the amount of agricultural products. If it is to assume any considerable proportions it must be carried out by the governments of the United States and of the several States. Should it be undertaken by these authorities and operated on a systematic and generous scale it would easily become one of the most beneficial reform measures that has ever been attempted."

Employment Service.

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if wages and the demand for goods are kept up to the level which is easily attainable all female workers who have been performing only since the beginning of the war will be able to find suitable employments in other parts of the industrial field or in those domestic occupations which sorely need their presence. Those women who are engaged at the same tasks as men should receive equal pay for equal amounts and qualities of work.

National War Labor Board.

"One of the most beneficial governmental organizations of the war is the National War Labor Board. Upon the basis of a few fundamental principles unanimously adopted by the representatives of labor, capital and the public it has prevented innumerable strikes and raised wages to decent levels in many different industries throughout the country. Its main guiding principles have been a family living wage for all male adult laborers, recognition of the right of labor to organize and to deal with employers through its chosen representatives and no coercion of non-union laborers by members of the union. The War Labor Board ought to be continued in existence by Congress and endowed with all the power for effective action that it can possess under the Federal Constitution. The principles, methods, machinery and results of this institution constitute a definite and far-reaching gain for social justice. No part of this advantage should be lost or given up in time of peace."

Housing for Working Classes.

"Housing projects for war workers which have been completed or almost completed by the Government of the United States have cost some forty million dollars and are found in eleven cities. While the Federal Government cannot continue this work in time of peace, the example and precedent that it has set and the experience and knowledge that it has developed should not be forthwith neglected and lost. The great cities in which congestion and other forms of bad housing are disgracefully apparent ought to take up and continue the work at least to such an extent as will remove the worst features of a special condition that is a menace at once to industrial efficiency, civic health, good morals and religion."

Social Insurance.

"Until the level of legal minimum wages is reached the worker stands in need of the device of insurance. The State should make comprehensive provision for insurance against illness, invalidity, unemployment and old age. So far as possible the insurance fund should be raised by a levy on industry, as is now done in the case of accident compensation. The industry in which a man is employed should provide him with all that is necessary to meet all the needs of his entire life. Therefore, any contribution to the insurance fund from the general revenues of the State should be only slight and temporary. For the same reason no contribution should be exacted from any worker who is not getting a higher wage than is required to meet the present needs of himself and family. Those



# AN APPEAL TO THE WOMEN TO VOTE FOR THE BEER AND WINE

OR SALOON AMENDMENT

If the good women of Crawford county will vote for my Beer and Wine amendment I promise to reopen the Breweries of the state and the saloons of Crawford county.

The option of the amendment will repeal the local option law so that we will not be bothered with anymore local option contests and this having one county dry and the other wet. They will all be wet.

Under this amendment the legislature cannot pass a new local option law, neither can the people initiate such a law by petition.

The legislature cannot pass a home rule act giving temperance cranks the right to interfere with our personal liberty by prohibiting the GIVING AWAY, selling or transporting of liquors within your city or township. Beer, ale, porter, etc., we can import and transport by the car load, barrel or bottle.

The amendment says: "The legislature shall reasonably license and regulate the sale and keeping for sale of such liquors," but I will see to it, as I have heretofore that a legislature

is elected that will not be too strenuous in this matter.

With your assistance, ladies, we will hold secret political meetings in the back room of my saloons and we will put up a job on those long haired men and short haired women who have been making this country dry.

Under this amendment it will be possible to locate a saloon right next door to the home of these temperance cranks and they cannot stop us. We will get even with them some way. Then, too, we can if we want to place a saloon right next to their churches. And again, we will place a saloon by each school so that the boys and girls will be tempted and grow up knowing how to withstand temptation.

Under this amendment I can sell, GIVE AWAY BY THE DRINK, or by the barrel in any public or private place TO ANY BOY OR GIRL, jitney driver, locomotive engineer, electric motorman, member of fire department, on duty or off, or to a policeman on his

beat any of these liquors.

I have so worded this amendment that a city or village cannot by ordinance collect any local license fees, cannot regulate the number of saloons I can establish in one city, village or township. Neither can the council regulate the screens in my saloons.

And here is the Joker. You will notice by reading the amendment that while the legislature can regulate the sale of liquors it can not PROHIBIT nor REGULATE the giving away.

To relieve the labor situation I will employ girls in my saloons. I will run dance halls in connection with my saloons. Of course you mothers will be expected to furnish boys as patrons of my saloons and girls for my dance halls. I shall expect you women and the children to go without bread and clothes so that the men can have plenty of money to spend over my bars.

The pay checks of laboring men will be cashed in my saloons and I will induce them to

spend the money over my bars.

I will promise to increase your taxes by refilling the fine jails that are standing empty these days. What's the use of having jails if you don't use them?

As no well regulated saloon is complete that has not got a house of ill fame in connection, I will see to this part. This will make an added place for idle girls.

All the prostitutes of Detroit, Saginaw, Bay City and other large cities have registered and are going to vote for this amendment and I know the good women of this county will want to join in the good work. The booze runners of Detroit and other southern Michigan cities are joining in the good work and victory looks promising.

Then there is a little secret: I am importing a lot of prostitutes from Chicago, Toledo, Cleveland and other large cities to help carry this amendment.

THE LAST DAY on which you can register for the April election IS MARCH 22. So get busy ladies.

## JOHN BARLEYCORN

P. S.—IF THE GOOD WOMEN OF CRAWFORD DON'T WANT THE ABOVE TO HAPPEN THEY WILL HAVE TO REGISTER AND VOTE "NO" ON APRIL 7.

### NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of

service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service, or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for

each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford County, State of Michigan: Northeast quarter (¼) of Northwest quarter section seven (7) containing ten (10) acres, more or less, Town twenty-six (26) North, Range four (4) West. Amount Paid \$1.55, tax for year 1917.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$8.00 which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,  
Orlando F. Barnes.

Place of Business: 401 Nat. Bank Bldg., Lansing, Mich.

Dated, November 1, A. D. 1918.

To Harry E. Packer, Chicago, Ill. Grantee under the last recorded deed in the regular chain of title, to said land.

To Anthony Calkins, Chicago, Ill. Grantee named in warranty deed mentioned in recorded contract, also, Mortgagee named in undischarged recorded Mortgage on said land.

Herbert Avery, named as mortgagor and warrantor in recorded Mortgage.

Michigan Cedar Company, Bay City, Mich. Holder of timber contract.

Proof of Personal Service.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Bay,

I do Hereby Certify and Return, that on the 13th day of December A. D. 1918, I served a notice, of which the within and foregoing is a true copy, Clarence A. Slocum by personally delivering such notice to him said above named person in said County of Bay.

My fees, \$1.10.

Eugene A. Duckinson, Deputy-Sheriff of said County.

Proof of Service by Registered Mail.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Crawford,

I do Hereby Certify and Return, that on the 4th day of December A. D. 1918, I served a notice, of which the within and foregoing is a true copy, on Harry E. Packer by depositing in the United States postoffice at the Village of Grayling in said County, for transmission through the United States mail, a registered letter containing such notice enclosed in a well sealed envelope with the legal postage fully prepaid thereon and properly addressed to said above named person as follows: Harry E. Packer, Monadnock building, Chicago, Illinois. Receipt for which said registered letter signed Harry E. Packer by Mrs. H. E. Packer said above named person is hereto annexed and forms a part of this return.

My fees, \$8.55.

Wm. H. Cody, Under-Sheriff of said County.

February 20th, 1919.

Proof of Failure of Service.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Crawford,

that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or postoffice address of Anthony Calkins or any heirs, Executor, Administrator or trustee of said Anthony Calkins; or the whereabouts or postoffice address of Herbert Avery or his heirs, Administrators, Executors or trustee of said Herbert Avery. I further certify that this notice was delivered to me for service on the 3d day of December 1918.

My fees, \$8.55.

Wm. H. Cody, Under-Sheriff of said County.

February 20, 1919.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Crawford,

Returned and filed with me, this 9th day of February, A. D. 1919.

3-6-4 Frank Sales, County Clerk.

Periodic Bilious Attacks.

Persons subject to periodic bilious attacks will observe that their appetite fails them just before an attack.

That is, they do not crave food but use it as it is meal time. If they eat only a light meal and no meat the attack may be avoided.

Take two of Chamberlain's Tablets the attack may be avoided.

Adv.

### CROSS TIES WANTED

The Michigan Central will buy, at good prices, all ties you can produce along its line.

Call on local agent for particulars, or write B. A. Aikens, Purchasing Agent, Detroit.

2-11-4

PARTIAL LIST

FOR

1. Fever, Congestion, Inflammation

2. Worms, Worm Fever

3. Colic, Cramp, Wakefulness of Infants

4. Diarrhea of Children and Adults

5. Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis

6. Toothache, Frenchie, Neuralgia

7. Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo

8. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach

9. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis

10. Eczema, Eruptions

11. Rheumatism, Lumbago

12. Fever and Ague, Malaria

13. Piles, Blind, Bleeding, Internal, External

14. Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head

15. Whooping Cough

16. Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing

17. Disorders of the Kidneys

18. Urinary Inconvenience

19. Sore Throat, Quinsy

20. Gripe, Grippe, La Grippe

For sale by druggists everywhere.

HUMPHREYS' HOME MEDICINE CO.

Corner William and Ann Streets, New York.

### NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford County, State of Michigan: Northwest quarter of Northeast quarter section twenty-seven Town twenty-seven, North Range three west. Amount paid \$9.31, tax for year 1913.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$11.62 to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,

Orlando F. Barnes.

Place of Business: 401 Nat. Bank Bldg., Lansing, Mich.

Dated, December 3rd, A. D. 1918.

To James Wark, Cook County, Chicago, Ill.

Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

Proof of Failure of Service.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Crawford,

I do Hereby Certify and Return, that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or postoffice address of James Wark or his heirs, Executor, Administrator, Trustee or Guardian.

I further, certify and return that this notice was delivered to me for service on the 3d day of December 1918.

My fees, \$8.55.

William H. Cody, Under-Sheriff of said County.

Grayling, February 20th, 1919.

State of Michigan, ss.

County of Crawford,

Returned and filed with me, this 20th day of February A. D. 1919.

3-6-4 Frank Sales, County Clerk.

We offer a limited amount of white Tea Cups and Saucers at 25 cents. Call early. Not more than 1 dozen to each customer.

Sorenson Bros.

Grayling, Mich.

Adv.

### Dollars and Cents.

Counting it only in dollars and cents, how much did that last col-

cost you? A man may not always stop work when he has a cold, but perhaps it would be better if he did.

It takes about ten days to get rid of a cold under the usual treatment. That time can be much shortened by taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and proper care of yourself, in fact, a bottle of this remedy in the house is a mighty good investment during the winter and spring months.

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### Drs. Insley & Keyport PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS

Office over Lewis' Drug Store

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.

Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

### BANK OF GRAYLING.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON

Proprietor

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

Marius Hanson, Cashier.

### C. A. Canfield, D. D. S.

DENTIST

OFFICE:

Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue

Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m. 1-3:30 p. m.

### Dr. J. J. Love

DENTIST

Phone 1271

Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

Office: Over Simpson Co's. grocery.

### Homer L. Fitch

ATTORNEY AT LAW

General practice. Real estate law. Abstracts examined. Estates settled and disposed of promptly. Office in court house. Phone 15L. Residence phone 1242.

### O. PALMER

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

### PAINTING, DECORATING PAPERHANGING

Also Sign Writing of All Kinds. One Grayling 272-2R, or address RAY RUPLEY

Roscommon, Michigan.

When in Need of House Repairs

of any description, call on

Cor. of Ottawa and

Allen, Maple Streets

Fifteen years experience at his Majesty's Office of Works

London, England.

REMODELING A SPECIALTY

All Work Guaranteed.

## TIRES

Large assortment of ALL MAKES and sizes of Tires which we will sell at

## Reduced Prices

as long as the stock lasts

## Also have two good second-hand Ford Cars

Bargains for whoever gets them

GEORGE BURKE

## Headache



THOUSANDS OF WOMEN suffer miserably from periodic attacks of headache, never dreaming that a permanent cure may be had. Headache nearly always results from some disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will correct these disorders and there will be no more headache. Many have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Tablets.

## Chamberlain's Tablets



# Timely Matters of General Interest to American Citizens

THE QUESTION OF HIGHWAYS THAT WILL COME UP AT COMING TOWNSHIP ELECTION.—INCOME TAX, Y. W. C. A. FEATURES—THE VICTORY LOAN.

## HIGHWAY BONDS NOT AN ISSUE THIS ELECTION

VOTE ON APRIL 7 MERELY AUTHORIZES PEOPLE TO USE CREDIT OF STATE.

### \$50,000,000 ONLY A LIMIT

Must Have Fund Available to Meet Uncle Sam's Dollar-For-Dollar Offer.

(By P. T. Colgrove, President Mich. State Good Roads Assn.)

Everywhere I go I am asked about "this road bond issue."

There is no bond issue!

The question to be submitted to the people at the election April 7th, involves merely an amendment to the constitution to give the citizens of the state the authority through their representatives in the Legislature to issue bonds from time to time to complete a system of main market highways throughout Michigan and to assure us our share of the money Uncle Sam is going to turn over for road work in progressive states.



P. T. COLGROVE

When Michigan was admitted into the Union we had no roads, we did not think about bridges, we were thinking about Statehood. We were not thinking very much except about the things that the pioneers of Michigan brought here and which were dear to them, and that was the education of their children.

Not a Bond Issue.

Section 16 of Article 8 of the Constitution makes no provision for bonding this State, borrowing money or lending its credit except for insurance and defense in case of war, now, we want to expand this section to care for Good Roads and make Federal Aid in vast sums available to Michigan. The measure now pending in Congress known as the Swanson Bankhead bill will give to Michigan from five and a half to seventeen millions. The Federal government is realizing the fact that it has been making a great mistake during the past half century. We are not criticizing the fact that millions and millions and hundreds of millions have been spent by the Federal government to deepen our waterways and our rivers and our harbors. Splendid!

But now we have the automobile and the truck. Another arm of transportation must be recognized. The railroads have been pretty well cared for, as long as you and I can remember, ever since the Government took a hand in building transcontinental lines.

Railway to Every Door.

But we are not going to let this matter stop until we have built a railroad to every producer's home. At least we may call it his railroad, because to him it is all of that. It doesn't have any tracks, but it has a good bed upon which the truck and the automobile may come and go every day.

The men who founded the Roman empire established the precedent for Michigan's main market highway, when they said that all roads must lead into Rome. They built the roads and they built the Empire. Those roads are standing today just as perfect as the day the Appian Way was built 400 years before the birth of Christ. The Empire has fallen, Good Roads are more enduring than an Empire.

I do believe that the day has come when the people of Michigan are resolved that this great playground of ours along the shores of Lake Michigan will not longer turn its back upon the hundreds of thousands of men and women from the southland and from the west and from the southeast, who today are not coming into Michigan, but going into the New England States, where they spend from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 every summer.

Tourists Will Pay Bill.

One summer of tourists along the shores of Lake Michigan after we have completed this beautiful system of highways will bring into our state money enough to pay for the whole system of hard surfaced roads of Michigan. Up and down the old Dixie, I have been time and time again and I have heard the southern people almost cry out from the bottom of their hearts:

"Why don't you people in Michigan make it possible for us to come over the sage and over the hills and through the mire to your beautiful lakes." Uncle Sam is anxious to help us let them in.

He is ready to pay half of the bill.

## WHAT PART OF ROAD COST DOES FARMER PAY.

According to the official figures in the records of the State Tax Commission offices at Lansing, the farm property of Michigan represents about 37 per cent of the total assessed valuation of the state.

Unless Michigan can have funds available to meet the dollar-for-dollar Federal Aid to be distributed by Uncle Sam to promote highway construction and maintenance, the farmer will have to bear his 37 per cent of the expense.

But if the Good Road amendment is ratified at the polls, April 7, the people will have authority, through their representatives in the legislature, to use the state's credit to meet any over the United States government may make and, since Federal aid will care for half of the cost, the farmer will pay only a little more than 18 per cent of the Good Roads investment.

## HE WOULD AVOID APOLOGIES FOR STATE HIGHWAYS

GOOD ROADS EARLE, ALSO TELLS WHY HE WILL VOTE FOR THE AMENDMENT APRIL 7.

Horatio S. Earle, popularly known in Michigan as "Good Roads" Earle, who has been spreading the doctrine of permanent highways for more than fifteen years and in whose honor a monument has been reared at the junction of the eastern and western branches of the Dixie Highway in Michigan, says he is tired of carrying his title into the cities of the east and the west and then offering an apology for the highways of his own state.



HORATIO S. EARLE

Known throughout the United States as the Father of Michigan's Good Roads.

"Good Roads Earle, indeed!" he exclaimed, "Why, many a time I have felt ashamed when introduced under that title to speak of good roads before an audience, which, as I only too well knew, included men who had seen and sneered at Michigan roads. If this constitutional Amendment goes through, and it certainly must, if we are to hold up our heads in Michigan, I will not be forced to apologize when I speak in Boston, New York, Chicago or San Francisco."

"That's one reason why I shall vote for the highway Amendment. But there are a lot of other and better reasons, all of which come right home to every Michigan citizen. And so I will cast my ballot for the Amendment because:

"By so doing, I vote to accept a dollar from the United States Government for each dollar that Michigan appropriated for trunk line roads;—I want the roads as soon as possible.

"If we bond for the money, the government will pay his part as well as we who are here now.

"The cost of the trunk line roads will be spread upon the entire state and nation, making it possible for localities to build farm-to-market roads, or tributary roads, with their own money, aided by the State reward.

"I want to see Michigan as good or better than any state in the Union and roads will develop the state.

"If we get good trunk line roads, we will attract best-of-all summer resort states resorted to from all over the country, who will leave a profit each year in the state of more than this bond Amendment makes possible for the Legislature to appropriate.

"When the figures are studied, I can see that it will be no burden upon the tax payers of the State.

"The United States rewards us if we build this road system; and, if we do not, the reward goes to other states that do."

Both Parties Indorse.

Both the Republican and Democratic parties in state convention at Lansing, have indorsed the amendment to the constitution which will start the machinery for financing a state-wide system of main market roads leading to every community. Each party made this issue one of the planks of its platform.

## THIS TELLS HOW TO FIGURE INCOME TAX

Squarely Up to Every Individual to Get Busy by March 15 or Suffer Penalty.

"Don't wait until the final due date March 15th, for paying your Income Tax and making your return. Avoid the last minute rush. Any person can figure out his liability today as well as he can next week, and if there is any point on which he needs advice he can now get in touch with a Revenue man."

This word of advice is being given out by Internal Revenue men. Returns and payments are being collected in Michigan by the following Collectors of Internal Revenue:

James J. Brady.

Emanuel J. Doyle.

Every aid of their offices and field forces is being given freely to the public.

But the Income Tax men will not pull your door-bell or your coat-tails, according to the Collector's announcement. It is squarely up to every individual to figure out his own case and to get busy if he comes within the scope of the new Revenue law.

Did You Earn This Much?

Every unmarried person who received income averaging \$1925 a week during 1918 and every married couple who jointly received income averaging \$3850 a week should secure at once from the nearest Deputy Collector or the nearest bank a blank Form 1040 A. That form contains the information he will need to enable him to figure his correct net income and any tax that he owes the Government.

The law requires that every unmarried person who had a net income of \$1,000 or over and every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or over (including the income of husband or wife, and the earnings of minor children, if any) must make a return on or before March 15th. And this requirement does not hinge on whether the person owes a tax.

Taxable Income.

An individual must include under gross income all gains, profits and income derived from salaries, wages, or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid, or from professions, vocations, business, sales or dealings in property of all kinds, interest, rent, dividends, or profits derived from any source whatever. Very few items of income are exempt.

Deductions include ordinary and necessary business expenses, interest paid or accrued on indebtedness, taxes of all kinds except Federal income and excess profits taxes and assessments for local benefits, losses actually sustained, debts ascertained to be worthless and depreciation on buildings, machinery, fixtures, etc., used in business. A further deduction is allowed for contributions to corporations operated for religious, charitable, scientific or educational purposes or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals to an amount not exceeding 15 per cent of the taxpayer's net income as computed without the benefit of the contribution deduction.

The taxpayer is not allowed to deduct any personal, living or family expense, any amount spent for improving property, or any expense of restoring property or making good its exhaustion for which an allowance is claimed under depreciation.

Figuring the Tax.

Before figuring the normal tax the dividends are deducted as credits from net income, together with the personal exemption. As in previous years, dividends of domestic corporations are exempt from normal tax when received by the stockholder.

The normal tax rates for citizens and residents are as follows: On the first \$4,000 of net income in excess of the credits the rate is 6 per cent; on any further taxable income the rate is 12 per cent.

The surtax rates apply to net income of each individual in excess of \$5,000. The personal exemption and the dividend credit are deducted before computing surtax. In the case of returns by husband and wife, the net income of each is considered separately in computing any surtax that may be due. Form 1040 should be used for making returns of net income exceeding \$5,000, and the instructions on that form will show how to figure the surtax.

Business House Returns.

Employers and others who paid wages, salaries, rents, interest or similar determinable gains in an amount of \$1,000 or over during 1918 to any person must file an information return with the Government. Blanks may be secured from the Collector.

Every partnership must file a return showing its income and deductions and the name and address of each partner, with his share of the profits or losses during the past year. Personal service corporations will file similar information for 1918.

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INCOME TAX PAYS

FOR PUBLIC BENEFITS.

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"Viewed in its largest and truest sense, the payment of taxes in payment for benefits received or expected, only from a narrow and essentially selfish and shortsighted viewpoint can the individual propose to himself the evasion of tax liability as a desirable course of action."

—Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

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## Y. W. C. A. Industrial Courses in Buenos Aires



An American Y. W. C. A. secretary teaching South American girls who have been forced into industry during the war to become laundresses.

## DOMESTIC SERVICE COURSES PLANNED

Trained Home-Maker Is to Have an Eight Hour Day and Standard Minimum Wage.

Courses for training home assistants, who will go into the home by the day, hour or week and work on a schedule of hours and fixed wages, have been inaugurated by the Young Women's Christian Association as a means for meeting the problem of domestic service.

The object of this course, now being tried out in New York City, is to place domestic service on the same dignified basis as clerical work, trained nursing or other professions open to women.

The home assistant will work eight hours a day for a salary of \$15 a week. She will not live in the home of her employer or take her meals there. She will have an hour for luncheon, when she can go to a restaurant or eat a lunch which she has brought with her just as she would were she employed in a factory. The employer will first address the home worker by her first name. She will be Miss Smith or Mrs. Brown, as the case may be.

Applicants for the course are carefully selected, and registrants are appearing in large numbers. With the same independence as to recreation hours, places of eating and living as the factory girl, house-work has a greater appeal as being a less monotonous and more interesting work to the average woman.

The course is a thorough one in plain cooking, waiting on table and door, chamber work, plain sewing, care of children, making of menus and the washing and ironing of light things. Heavy work is to be done by outside workers. On graduation the student receives a certificate which proves her qualification as a dependable home worker capable of attending to all ordinary duties in a home.

The Young Women's Christian Association has been interested in the problem of domestic service both from the standpoint of the employee and from that of the employer for some years. The first commission on Household Employment made its report at the fifth national convention of the Young Women's Christian Association held in Los Angeles, Cal., in May, 1915.

The difficulties of attracting capable women to this field of work were laid to the long hours, lack of independence in arranging recreation hours, lack of opportunities for growth and progress and lack of social standing.

Girls have acquired a distaste for the conditions which govern household work since the freedom they have experienced in working in munition factories. By standardizing domestic service it is believed by the Young Women's Christian Association that a higher type of worker may be attracted to the necessary work in homes.

The American Y. W. C. A. has opened a Hostess House in Germany, which will serve as a residence house and social center for American women workers who have advanced to do can-ten, Red Cross and Stretcher Corps work with the Army of Occupation.

## WOMEN BEGIN Y. W. C. A. FOREIGN TRADE COURSES

Courses in New York City Prepare Girls for South American Jobs.

Sensing a sudden call to jobs for American women in South America, the New York City Y. W. C. A. has opened Foreign Trade courses, including classes in shipping, filing orders, trade acceptances, tariff, consular in-voices, documents, insurance, mail order trade and other lines of international work hitherto left mostly to men. These classes are designed to meet after-war needs.

South America is receiving particular attention as the Y. W. C. A. is informed of new jobs that are opening in the southern countries. Many girls in New York who combine a desire to see the world with a craving for financial independence are registering with the expectation of going there to get positions when their courses in training are completed.

## WOMEN'S COUNCIL MEETS IN PARIS

Eighty Well-Known French Women Guests of Y. W. C. A. for Opening Session.

Paris, Feb. 2.—Eighty of the most prominent women in France who are interested in all women's problems attended the first meeting of the Provisional Council of the American Young Women's Christian Association, held at Paris headquarters, 8 Place Edouard VII, Jan. 30.

Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the Secretary of State, who is first vice-president of the council, presided, conducting all sessions in French, as two-thirds of the members represent French associations with whom the Y. W. C. A. has been co-operating.

All women in France are looking forward to the findings of the council as of tremendous importance not only to women in France but all over the world. The purpose of the council is to collect and make available information about conditions and needs of women, to become acquainted with women who are identified with different kinds of work and to develop a few typical illustrations which will set standards for future permanent work.

Following are the societies represented: Union Chretienne des Jeunes Filles, Student Movement, Foyer des Allicees, Amies de la Jeune Fille, National Council of Women. Among the delegates were Mme. Jules Siegfried, Mme. Avril de St. Croix, Baroness Watteville, Countess Pourtales and Mme. Waldegrave de London.

Mrs. William G. Sharp, wife of the ambassador to France, is honorary chairman of the council and Mrs. Francis McNeill Bacon president pro tem. Miss Charlotte Niven, director of Y. W. C. A. work in Italy, is secretary.

Departmental and provincial groups will hold meetings weekly to discuss local problems, the entire council meeting at the end of each month. In April, at the last meeting, each group will decide how the information and experience may be used most effectively in the future.

Delegates are guests at the Hotel Petrograd, the Y. W. C. A. Hostess House in Paris.

## Y. W. C. A. PROMOTES WORLD FELLOWSHIP

Will Send Industrial Commission to Meet Foreign Labor Leaders.

The War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association plans to send an industrial commission of women to England, France and Italy in April to meet prominent labor leaders of those countries with a view to promoting world fellowship among women.

The commission will be made up of Mrs. Raymond Robbins, representing the National Women's Trade Union League of America; Mrs. Irene Osgood Andrews, American Association for Labor Legislation; Miss Grace Drake, National Consumers' League; Mrs. James S. Cushman, chairman of the War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association; Miss Florence Simms, Miss Marie Wing and Miss Imogene B. Ireland, secretary to the commission, all of the Y. W. C. A., and Miss Mary Gilson, an authority on employment management.

Miss Florence Simms says in regard to the commission: "The war has forced upon us the bearing of international relationships in all things, and our touch with women in other countries has made us include in our international thinking the industrial life of women. The war has wrought so many changes in this that it seems a timely thing that women interested in the larger life of our women workers should take counsel together and express their interest with the hope that certain minimum standards which seem essential to health and welfare among women may be agreed upon and obtained."

Our War Work Council is sending abroad this women's commission from organizations in America directly concerned with the welfare and largest life of industrial women.

## AMERICAN PEOPLE READY TO COMPLETE THE JOB

Victory Liberty Loan Must Succeed to a Degree in Keeping With Success of Former Loans.

By CHARLES H. SCHWEPPE, Director of Victory Liberty Loan Campaign, Seventh Federal Reserve District.

Despite the fact that hostilities have ceased and preliminary steps to the signing of a peace treaty have been taken, our big war job is not finished. The job will not be completed until the war bills are paid and the slate of the nation is clean. Those of us who remained on this side of the water still have work to do to polish off the great victory won by our soldiers and sailors, and the work before us is as patriotic and essential as that already accomplished.

The Victory Liberty Loan must succeed to a degree in keeping with the success of the four previous loans. This success can be attained only through the efforts and enthusiasm of the entire people. Liberty Loan organizations must put into their efforts the same vim and fire that characterized their work in the previous loans. The people must do everything within their power to aid the organizations in performing the task that is as much theirs as in the time when the nation was warring.

The spirit of thanksgiving should permeate the American atmosphere—should dominate the heart of every citizen, for if it had not been for the extensive preparation to fight the central powers until victory perched upon our banner the war would have been prolonged indefinitely, with a consequent loss of thousands of lives that otherwise were saved to us when the German general staff acknowledged the futility of continuing the struggle for world domination. The great victory was achieved very largely through the shells that were never exploded, through the soldiers that did not go across, and through the general preparations in other directions. The American people can give expression to their thanksgiving by subscribing to the limit of their ability in making the Victory Liberty Loan an overwhelming success.

The fullness of the great victory will not be realized until the war bills are paid and all the boys brought home. The expenses of the war have been huge, but America set out to win the war at any cost, and now, with victory secure, the American people stand ready to complete the job assigned to them—providing the money necessary to win the victory.

—HELP "FINISH THE JOB."

## WHY YOUR MONEY IS NEEDED—HOW IT HELPS

This Brief Questionnaire Gives Interesting Information on the Victory Liberty Loan.

The government already is exploiting the Victory Liberty Loan, which will be floated in April, in order that the people may start saving for the purpose of investing in bonds of the "Victory issue." The following brief questionnaire should tend to clarify the mind of any reader regarding the Victory Loan:

Q. The war being over, why is there need of another great popular war loan?

A. The proceeds from the Fourth loan, according to Secretary of the Treasury Glass, were exhausted last December, and the government must have billions more with which to maintain our forces overseas, bring the victors home and carry out its reconstruction plans.

Q. If Uncle Sam's strong-box is empty, how is he paying his after-war expenses?

A. This is being done with money borrowed from the banks at the rate of \$900,000,000 every two weeks, short-term anticipation certificates of indebtedness being issued in return.

Q. As long as the banks are advancing the money, why not let them continue to do so?

A. Because in order to continue to extend credit to the business interests big and little of the country the banks must get back this money—amounting to 20 per cent of their entire resources—when it falls due, as only thus can the prosperity we now enjoy be continued.

Q. Will the Victory Loan be offered to the people on a commercial basis, or will their patriotism again be appealed to?

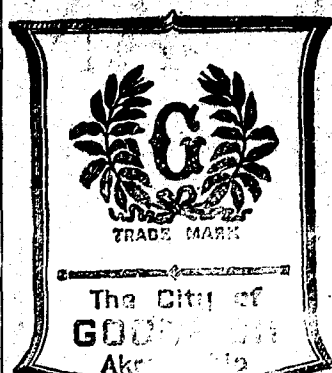
A. Secretary Glass says the patriotism of the American people will be relied upon to send the loan triumphantly "over the top." It, however, will be made particularly attractive as to rate of interest and period of maturity.

Q. What are the monthly war expenditures of the government at the present time?

A. The latest official figures show that Uncle Sam is expending money at the rate of more than \$2,000,000,000 a month.

Q. Suppose I bought bonds of preceding issues and feel I can't afford to buy any more Liberty bonds?

A. Uncle Sam has to pay his bills, and you must afford it, even if you have to continue for a further time denying yourself luxuries and apparent necessities. Unless the Victory Liberty Loan is a success the government will be compelled to raise the money it needs by direct taxation, and there are no interest coupons on tax receipts.



## Put On The Left Shoe First

They all said it—Dough-boy, Poilu, and Tommy—and clinging to that bit of trench superstition, they believed it brought good luck for the day—and longer life in the shell-racked stretch about them.

But in these fairer, happier days, when peace whirls the wheels of motordom again, we say,

"Put on the right shoe first."

And, of course, the right shoe, is the Goodrich Shoe, because it means good luck day and night, and longer life in your tires.

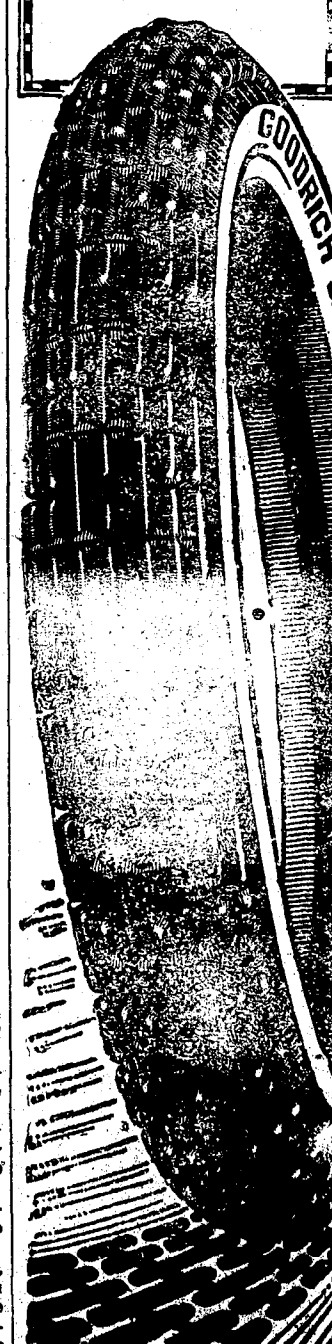
But there's no superstition about it; only the big, bulky, and the wide, thick BLACK SAFETY TREAD, Goodrich builds into tires that—

Round out the dependability and durability of Goodrich Service Value.

Buy Goodrich Tires from a Dealer

## GOODRICH TIRES

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"





## YOU SHOULD READ:

## DERE MABLE—

Letters from Bill, a simple "rookie" to his best girl, "Mable." A laugh from start to finish. 75c

## THAT'S ME ALL OVER, MABLE—

More letters from the "same old BILL." 75c

## FROM BASEBALL TO BOCHES, OR BING 'EM ON THE RHINE—

Three hundred pages of witty slang. Letters from Ed. Harmon, formerly the great south-paw but now a doughboy in "That France Place," to his pal in the U. S. A. \$1.35

—DERE BILL—"Mable," of "Dere Mable" fame, answers her hero's letters. 75c

A. M. LEWIS, Druggist

## TREAT 'EM ROUGH—

By the originator of the famous "You Know Me, Al" stories. Written in the inimitable Lardner humorous slang. \$1.00

## BILTMORE OSWALD—

The "Dere Mable" of the Navy. The diary of a hapless recruit. 75c

## TARZAN AND THE JEWELS OF OPAR—

The latest of this series of fascinating tales of the African jungle.—Burroughs will grip you again with his brilliant imagination. \$1.35

## Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY MARCH 6

Read our Saturday specials, and save money. Salling Hanson Co.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Floyd DeNoyle, Monday, March 3rd.

Many a man looking for work might find it if his vision was not defective. Hathaway's glasses is the remedy.

Mrs. Clifford E. Doty and son Richard are spending a few days in Saginaw.

The Hat Shop will be open to the public next Tuesday, March 11, with a full line of spring and summer millinery.

Arthur Camron has been honorably discharged from service in the U. S. N. and has returned here and is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. John Camron.

The Grayling High School girls were defeated by the Gaylord High School girls in a game of basketball last Friday evening on the latter's floor. The score was 31-2.

Lent began last Wednesday.

Clark's orchestra furnished music for an affair in Roscommon Tuesday evening.

Hans Petersen was in Bay City on business Monday returning Tuesday morning.

C. T. Clark of Bay City is in the city on business arriving yesterday afternoon.

Phone Hathaway, 1273 about your year. He is very busy; it may save you time and his.

Hathaway can furnish you with the kind of watch you would like. Better see him about it.

The following special on toilet soap for Saturday only: Palmolive, 10c; Lifebuoy soap, per bar 10c; Salling Hanson Co.

There will be a Masquerade dancing party at the Temple theatre, Saturday, March 8. Danish and American dances. Everybody invited. Music will be furnished by Clark's orchestra.

Rev. Rodholm, wife and children will arrive here the first of the week from Des Moines, Iowa, to visit at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Kjolhede. Mrs. Rodholm is a daughter of Rev. Kjolhede.

Come to the Community singing next Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. We are going to make the School auditorium ring with "Dixie," "Way down upon the Swanee river," "Nellie Kelly," etc.

Peter Aebli, who recently suffered a paralytic stroke, isn't getting along so well, and it is expected that it will be necessary to remove him from his home in Beaver Creek Township to Mercy hospital in this city.

Herbert Trudeau arrived home the latter part of the week from the Great Lakes Training station, and has been honorably discharged from active service. However he is on the reserve list. He will remain here and assist in his father's store.

Kraneo Oleive Koitila, infant child of Phillip Koitila of the South side passed away Monday morning. The mother of the baby died in this city during the last epidemic of influenza. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon, Rev. C. E. Doty officiating.

The Lady Maccabees will hold their regular meeting at the G. A. R. hall, March 17 at 7 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. James Turner of Vandenberg were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Barber last week.

Mrs. James Carrière and children of Jackson, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Charlefoe.

For sale—Hatching eggs from thorough-bred white rocks. Phone No. 116L. E. J. Olson.

There will be a regular meeting of Grayling Chapter O. E. S. No. 83 on Wednesday evening, March 12th.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Lobdell and children of Roscommon spent Sunday here, visiting the Charles Ewalt family.

Mrs. Herluf Sorenson and daughter Ella Mae are in Hobart, Mich., being called there by the illness of Mrs. Sorenson's father.

Miss Freda Ross returned to Detroit Tuesday, after an extended stay here a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. T. P. Peterson.

A baby son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lester J. McPeak of Bay City, formerly of Grayling on February 22nd, Washington's birthday.

The Hospital Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. Charles Tromblé Thursday, March 13. Mrs. Tromblé and Mrs. M. A. Bates will serve.

Don't forget the Masquerade dance at the Temple theatre, Saturday, March 8. Prizes will be given for the best and most comical costumes present. Lunch will be served.

Everybody, both ladies and gentlemen are urged to attend the Community singing at the School auditorium Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Mrs. W. E. Smith will lead the singing assisted by a large chorus of ladies and gentlemen.

See Charlie Chaplin at the Grayling Opera house next Saturday. Special afternoon matinee and also evening performance, featuring the wonderful comedian in "The Dog's Life." Prices for matinee 13 cents, plus 2 cents war tax.

The ladies of Crawford County wish to extend their sincere thanks to Mr. Geo. L. Alexander for the interesting lecture on "The Woman Citizen and Her Voting Privilege," given at the High School auditorium, February 22nd.

There will be three games of basketball: Friday night, March 7, at the school gymnasium. The Grayling All-City vs. the West Branch All-City. Grayling High school girls vs. West Branch High school girls, and the High school boys vs. Frederic High school boys. Admission 15 and 25c.

Mrs. L. H. Chamberlin, who has been receiving treatment at the Pennsylvania Avenue sanatorium in Detroit for several months, has left that institution and is now recuperating at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George H. Willis of Garret, Indiana.

The ladies of the G. A. R. and a few invited friends spent last Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. James H. Wingard. The gathering was held to do Red Cross sewing, and a fine lot of good work was done by the 25 ladies present. A pot luck supper was enjoyed near the latter part of the afternoon.

Next Monday is village election. The polls will be open between the hours of 7:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m. There will be an intermission of one hour for dinner at 12:00 o'clock noon. The voting place in Grayling will be at the Town hall. A list of the candidates appears on the front page of this issue.

The Good Fellowship club held their annual election of officers Monday evening at the home of Mrs. George Alexander. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. O. P. Schumann; Vice President, Mrs. Chas. Canfield; Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. Wm. Teare. The hostess served light refreshments.

Mrs. N. A. Griffith of Gaylord was in the city Monday to look after her interests at the Hat Shop. Miss Edith Walker, trimmer, arrived also to get the place ready for the spring business. The store will be open for business Tuesday of next week. Both Mrs. Griffith and Miss Walker spent the past week in the large wholesale millinery houses in Chicago and in other cities, purchasing new stock and getting the latest styles.

Mrs. W. J. Powers of Gaylord, died Sunday, March 2nd at Mercy hospital, this city, being brought here during last week for treatment. Deceased was 77 years old. The remains were taken to Gaylord Monday for burial.

Little Genevieve and Ada Jane McPeak of Bay City, who have been spending the past month here visiting their aunt Mrs. Peter Borchers will return home the latter part of the week. Mrs. Borchers will accompany them. They are the children of Mr. and Mrs. Lester J. McPeak.

George Sorenson has been in Detroit since Monday with his youngest son, Alfred, whom he took there to consult an eye specialist. Over a year ago the lad received an injury to one of his eyes while playing with a knife. They returned home this morning.

**LATEST STYLE AUTO Goggles**  
Our line of auto goggles is most complete and attractive.  
The kind you want at the price you want to pay—  
We have them all  
**C. J. HATHAWAY**  
Optometrist Phone 1272 Jeweler  
Registered under Michigan Optometry Law by Examination

## Another Sale of DRESSES

A wonderful value in French Serge dresses. Every model new, 25 to select from specially priced at **\$7.95**

## NEW SPRING HATS

The new spring hats are now on display. A beautiful line of trimmed and tailored hats **\$2.50 to \$8.00**

Children's gingham dresses. Spring styles in ginghams and percales, sizes 2 to 6 and 6 to 14

Grayling Mercantile Co.

Phone 1251

The Quality Store

## THE SIMPSON CO. GROCERS

Telephone and C. O. D. orders solicited. Prompt delivery and courteous treatment assured.

## SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

EXTRA SPECIAL  
**RED SALMON**  
1 LB TALL CAN 27c

EXTRA SPECIAL  
**NAVY BEANS**  
5 LBS HAND PICKED 45c

Crisco, 1 lb. can, 33c  
Buckwheat flour, pure, old fashioned, 10 lbs. 79c  
Richelieu Toilet soap, 2c, 12 bars for 19c  
Clean Easy soap, 10 bars, 49c  
Tomatoes, Banquet brand, 3 for 49c  
Kippered Sturgeon, better than salmon, per can, 22c  
Richelieu Refugee cut beans, green and very tender, per can 21c  
Corn flakes, 3 for 29c  
Pineapple, Silverbar brand, large can, 8 slices, 32c  
Rice, whole, per lb. 12c  
Richelieu Pan cake flour, 2 pkg. 25c  
Jello, lemon flavor, 3 for 29c  
Apples, extra fancy eating, 6 for 25c  
Sardines, Polar brand in olive oil, per can 24c  
Cocoanut, extra large, 15c  
Cabbage, new solid heads, per lb. 6c

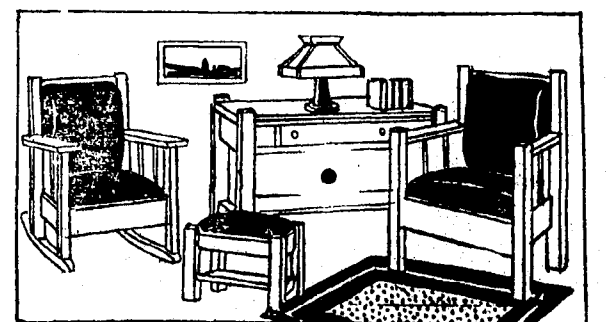
Royal Garden Tea, per 1-2 lb. pkg. 29c

The ever increasing crowds filling our store Saturdays proves to us that the specials we offer together with the quality of the goods are indeed real bargains.

**Join Our Thrift Club**  
**Charge Accounts Solicited**

Large Assortment of Lenten Specialties

## Let Us Furnish Your Home



**SORENSEN BROS.**

Dealers in Dependable Furniture

ADVERTISEMENTS PROPERLY WRITTEN AND BACKED UP BY SINCERITY ON THE PART OF THE ADVERTISER IS POSITIVE OF RESULTS.

We will continue our last Friday and Saturday

## SPECIAL SALE

**Granulated Sugar, 10½c a lb.**  
**10 lbs. for \$1.00**

Light brown 10c a lb.; 10 lbs. for 95c.

Try our leading brands of Coffees and Teas and you will never regret it.

## CATSUP

Star A Star brand, 10c, 3 for 25c  
Table Talk and Menu brand, 15c, 3 for 40c  
Heinz and Olney's brand, large size, 30c, 3 for 80c  
Heinz and Olney's, small size, 20, 3 for 50c  
1 gal. glass jug, 85c

## TOMATOES

Hart and Olney's brand, large size, 3 for 70c  
Beutel, Bee and other brands large size, 3 for 65c  
Hill Crest, 3 for 60c

## PEAS

Tom Thumb and Little Dot, 3 for 70c  
Telephone, 3 for 60c  
Tender Sweet, 3 for 50c  
Home grown and Early June, 3 for 40c

## BEANS

Wax and String, 18c, 3 for 45c  
Pork and beans, Tomato sauce, 18c, 3 for 45c

## SALMON

Columbia River 1 lb. can, 45c, 3 for \$1.25  
Columbia River ½ lb. can, 25c, 3 for .70  
Tuna or Chicken of the sea, 1 lb. can, 35c, 3 for .95  
Tuna or Chicken of the sea, ½ lb. can, 20c, 3 for .50  
Alaska Red, tall can, 30c, 3 for .85  
Medium Red tall can, 25c, 3 for .70  
Pink, tall can, 20c, 3 for .50

## PRUNES

70-80 Prunes 10c a lb., 5 lbs. for 45c  
60-70 Prunes 13c a lb., 5 lbs. for 55c  
40-50 Prunes 15c a lb., 5 lbs. for 70c

California Lemons, 10c, 1 doz. 25c

## FRUITS

Hawaiian Pineapples sliced, Silver Bar, Rosedale, Aloha, 35c, 3 for 95c  
Pears, Plums and Peaches, Large size can, 35c, 3 for 70c  
Smaller size can 15c, 3 for 40c

## PRESERVES

Strictly Pure, large glass jar, 45c, 3 for \$1.20

## JAMS

Apricot, Peach, Plum, Blackberry, Strawberry, Raspberry, large glass jars, 30c, 3 for 70c

## MARMALADE

Orange Marmalade, glass jars, 25c, 3 for 65c

## ORANGES

Superior Fancy, sweetest in the land, 50c a dozen and larger size, per doz. 65c

## GRAPE FRUIT

Cape Fruit, Gondola brand, finest out of Florida, 10c, 3 for 25c

## FANCY CAKES

Various fancy cakes, 18c while they last, 3 for 45c

PHONE 25, OR BETTER YET, CALL YOURSELF.

**H. PETERSEN** Your Grocer



READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

Seemingly all of my Customers are very desirous to know what I am going to do.

The bargains I am offering daily, are enough to suffice the people that their interest is mine.

Don't miss this store Saturday... You will see many bargains. Every cloak, every overcoat and all winter goods.

I am determined to reduce this stock to the desired limit, with the expectation of selling balance to a prospective buyer. In case this does not happen you will be notified and I will resume the good work started here. "Good goods and low prices."

"The Lemon Colored store on the hill." Trying to out do the catalog houses.

My Motto "Keep agoing."

The Robins will be here in their good appointed time.

Men's wool ribbed Union Suits, \$5.00.....for \$ 3.89

Men's lighter weight wool Union Suits, \$4.50 for 3.69

Men's Union Suits in flat fleeced, \$2.50....for 1.69  
While they last.

Just a few Ladies' silk plush Coats, \$25.00 and  
\$28.00.....for 16.85

Few Baby lamb Coats, \$12.50.....for 6.85

Men's heavy wool and Corduroy Pants. All Wool  
Shirts are going this week. Cheaper than ever offered  
before

Percales, both light and dark.....25c

Prints .....16c

Come in and get my prices on Gingham.

Men's fine black and plain gray Cashmere Sox,  
.....85c for 69c—two pair for \$1.25  
Here is your chance.

A few Men's Mackinaws, positively all wool, from  
\$12.00 to \$15.00 for.....\$7.85 and \$9.85

Ladies' high top gray and brown shoes, so hard to  
get, worth \$10.00 and \$12.00 for.....\$6.85

This stock is melting like snow before a hot sun.

Are you looking for a Suit made to order, one that  
will positively fit?

It is not a matter of price and quality, but it is a  
matter of fit, quality and price.

FRANK DREESE,

Lemon colored store, opposite jail

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY  
BOARD OF ROAD COM-  
MISSIONERS.

At a meeting of the Board of County Road Commissioners, held at the Court House in the village of Grayling on February 25th, 1919.

Present: John J. Niederer, Charles S. Barber, Ralph Hanna.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

Trunk Line determination of the State Highway Commissioner read.

Moved by Barber, supported by Hanna, that the clerk of this board be and is hereby instructed to record the determination of the State Highway Commissioner, in full, in the record of minutes of this meeting.

Motion carried.

Trunk Line Determination.

January 24, 1917.

To: Roscommon County Road Commission, Township Board of Beaver Creek Grayling, and South Branch Townships, Crawford Co.

Under the provisions of the Trunk Line Highway Act No. 334 of the Public Acts of 1915, the following described public wagon roads are hereby established as trunk line highways:

Commencing at the northerly limits of the village of Roscommon, in Higgins township, Roscommon County, and running north easterly on the angling road on section 5 T 24 n r 2 w, to the line between Roscommon and Crawford Counties, thence running east on the county line to the south section corner common to sections 35 and 36, South Branch township, T. 25 n r 2 w; thence running north on the section line between said sections 35 and 36 to the north section corner common to these sections; thence east on the section line between sections 25 and 36 and north easterly on the angling road across the southeast corner of said section 25; thence easterly on the east and west road through the south half of sections 30 and 29, T. 29 n r 1 w, to the north and south 1/4 line of section 29, said town and range; thence running north on the 1/4 line through sections 29 and 20 and northeasterly across sections 20, 21, 16 and 15 to the line between sections 10 and 15 T 25 n r 1 w; thence east on the section line about 1 mile to the 1/4 post common to section 11 and 14, said town and range; thence north on the 1/4 line through sections 11 and 2 to the north 1/4 post of section 2; thence northeasterly across sections 35 and 36, T 26 n r 1 w, to the line between Crawford and Oscoda counties.

Commencing again at the south section corner common to sections 35 and 36, South Branch township T 25 n r 2 w; thence running easterly on the line between Roscommon and Crawford counties to the north section corner common to sections 4 and 5, T 24 n r 1 w; thence running south on the section line 3 1/2 miles to the 1/4 post common to sections 20 and 21; thence east on the 1/4 line 2 miles to the 1/4 post common to sections 22 and 23; thence running south on the section line about 6 1/2 miles to the hamlet of St. Helen, at a point on the line between sections 22 and 23, T 28 n r 1 w; thence running southeasterly on the north side of the tracks of the Michigan Central railway across sections 23 and 24, T 23 n r 1 w, to the line between Roscommon and Ogemaw counties.

Commencing again at the intersection of the angling road running northeasterly across section 5 Higgins Township, T 24 n r 2 w, with the road running northwesterly, thence northwesterly on this road across sections 5 and 6 to the line between Roscommon and Crawford counties, running thence west on the county line about 4 1/2 miles to the south section corner common to sections 82 and 88, Beaver Creek Town-

ship, T 25 n r 3 w; thence running north on the section line 2 miles to the section corner common to sections 20, 21, 28, 29; thence running west on the section line between sections 20 and 23 to the west section corner common to these sections; thence running north on the section line, 8 miles, to the south corporate limits of the village of Grayling, in Grayling Township, T 26 n r 3 w.

The right is reserved upon final location survey to make such minor changes in alignment and such deviations from the present old road bed as may be deemed necessary to avoid difficulties in construction or railroad crossings at grade.

Frank F. Rogers,  
State Highway Commissioner.

A True Copy.

Michigan State Highway Department.

Grace A. Reed.

Trunk Line Determination.

August 2, 1918.

To: The Crawford County Road Commission.

Under the provisions of the Trunk Line Highway Act No. 334 of the Public Acts of 1915, as amended, the following described public wagon roads are hereby established as trunk line highways:

Commencing at a point on the southerly limits of the village of Grayling, in Grayling Township, Crawford County being the section corner common to sections 7, 8, 17 and 18, T 26 n r 3 w; thence running northwesterly along James Street to the middle branch of the AuSable river; thence continuing northwesterly along Cedar Street to a point at or near the center of section 7, T 26 n r 3 w; thence continuing northerly along McClellan Street to a point on the north village limits of the village of Grayling, being at or near the north 1/4 post of said section 7; thence continuing westerly along the north side of section 7 to the northwest corner thereof; thence continuing northerly 2 miles to the northwest corner of section 31, T 27 n r 3 w; thence westerly about 1/2 mile between sections 25 and 36 T 27 n r 4 w, to the point of intersection with the road angling to the northwest; thence following this angling road northwesterly through sections 25, 24, 13, 12, 1 and 2 to the northline of T 27 n r 4 w; thence north on the west side of section 36 T 28 n r 4 w, to a point at or near the 1/4 post of said section 36; thence east and northeast through said section thirty-six (36) and 25, T 28 n r 4 w; thence running easterly between said sections 25 and 36 and between sections 30-31, 29-32 and 28-33 to the section corner common to sections 27, 28, 33 and 34, T 28 n r 3 w; thence running northerly 5 miles between sections 27-28, 21-22, 15-16, 9-10 and 3-4, T 28 n r 3 w, to the county line between the counties of Crawford and Otsego.

The right is reserved upon final location survey to make such minor changes in alignment and such deviations from the present road bed as may be deemed necessary to avoid difficulties in construction.

Frank F. Rogers,  
State Highway Commissioner.

A True Copy.

Michigan State Highway Department.

By Grace A. Reed.

Moved by Barber, supported by Hanna, that the report of the funds available for county road work during 1919 be made to the State Highway Department as follows:

1. Funds available for county road work during 1919:  
General Bond—Money which will be available.....none  
Assessment district bond money which will be available.....none  
Direct county tax.....\$20,000.00  
Total.....\$20,000.00

2. Mileage of new Reward Road proposed during 1919:  
Trunk line.....not yet determined.  
Single reward.....none  
3. Total mileage of assessment district road petitioned for to date.....none  
4. Total mileage of assessment district road under construction to date.....none  
Dated February 25th, 1919.

County Road Commission by John J. Niederer, Chairman.

To: State Highway Department, Lansing, Michigan.

Moved by Barber, supported by Hanna, that the following report be submitted to the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County.

Motion carried.

Grayling, Mich.  
March 1, 1919.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors, Crawford County, Michigan.

Mr. Chairman:

From now on you will be asked many questions regarding the so-called fifty million dollar bond issue by the state for road purposes, hence it may be well to be informed as to what may be expected to accomplish with this money; how much money is likely to come from the counties under the terms of the so-called Aldrich Bill? How fast the bonds are likely to be issued and what roads will be built with the money.

It is proposed to amend section 10 Article X of the Constitution so that the State may borrow not to exceed fifty million dollars for improvement of highways and pledging its credit and issuing bonds therefore on such terms as shall be provided by law. You will note from the above that there is no intention of immediately issuing fifty million dollars worth of bonds, but the amendment simply provides for the issuance of these bonds as they are needed, and by proper legislation designate the manner and times of issuing said bonds for actual road construction.

House Bill No. 49, commonly known as the Aldrich Bill was unanimously passed by the House and is now before the Senate. The bill provides that the State and counties shall jointly furnish the money for improving the trunk line highways, the State paying from fifty to ninety per cent of the cost.

The amount paid by the State will be greater in the poorer counties and east in the richer counties. The plan provided in the Federal Aid Act of 1917 has been followed except that the State will aid the poorer counties to a greater extent than under this law.

The amount to be paid by the several counties is in proportion to their valuation per trunk line mile, and will be in accordance with the following schedule:

Crawford County will thus come in class 2 under the 15% rate. Trunk lines are intended to be built on through trunk line routes. The route from Bay City to Mackinaw is nearly all designated, excepting a few minor gaps, which will have to be connected yet. Your Board of Supervisors with the Board of County Road Commissioners have filed with the State Highway Department, application for State reward on the proposed 3 miles, also an application for a State Bridge

at Grayling. The State has accepted said application and has now constructed a bridge at the cost of \$11,000.00.

It was intended to possibly build these 3 miles of road this coming summer, but considering conditions, perhaps it would be advisable to go easy and wait the result for the coming election as to the proposed bond issue and further action of the Legislature, act when things are ready and save money.

Very Respectfully yours,  
The County Road Commissioners,  
John J. Niederer,  
Chairman.

Bid for Filling in the Approaches to The New State Bridge Across The AuSable River on Cedar St. Grayling, Michigan. February 22, 1919.

Gentlemen:

I am sending in my bid for filling in both sides of the big Mill Bridge. I will fill it in for \$425.00 in good shape, or if this is not satisfactory, I will fill it in at 35 cents a yard.

Yours truly,  
Rasmus Rasmussen,  
City.

Moved by Barber, supported by Hanna, that the bid of Rasmus Rasmussen, for filling in the approaches of the Grayling bridge at 35 cents per yard be accepted and that the chairman be authorized to make a contract with Mr. Rasmussen for 35 cents per yard, taking the measurements as given by the State Highway Commissioner at 432 yards, and to do and complete the work to stand inspection and acceptance by the State Highway Commissioner.

Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that the Board adjourn without date.

Thereupon the Board adjourned.

Frank Sales, clerk.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,  
Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1888. A. W. GLEASON.

(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Adv.

County valuation below \$ 50,000.00, 10% County, 90% State

" " between \$ 50,000.00— 75,000.00, 15% " 85% "

" " 75,000.00— 100,000.00, 20% " 80% "

" " 100,000.00— 150,000.00, 25% " 75% "

" " 150,000.00— 200,000.00, 30% " 70% "

" " 200,000.00— 300,000.00, 35% " 65% "

" " 300,000.00— 400,000.00, 40% " 60% "

" " 400,000.00— 500,000.00, 45% " 55% "

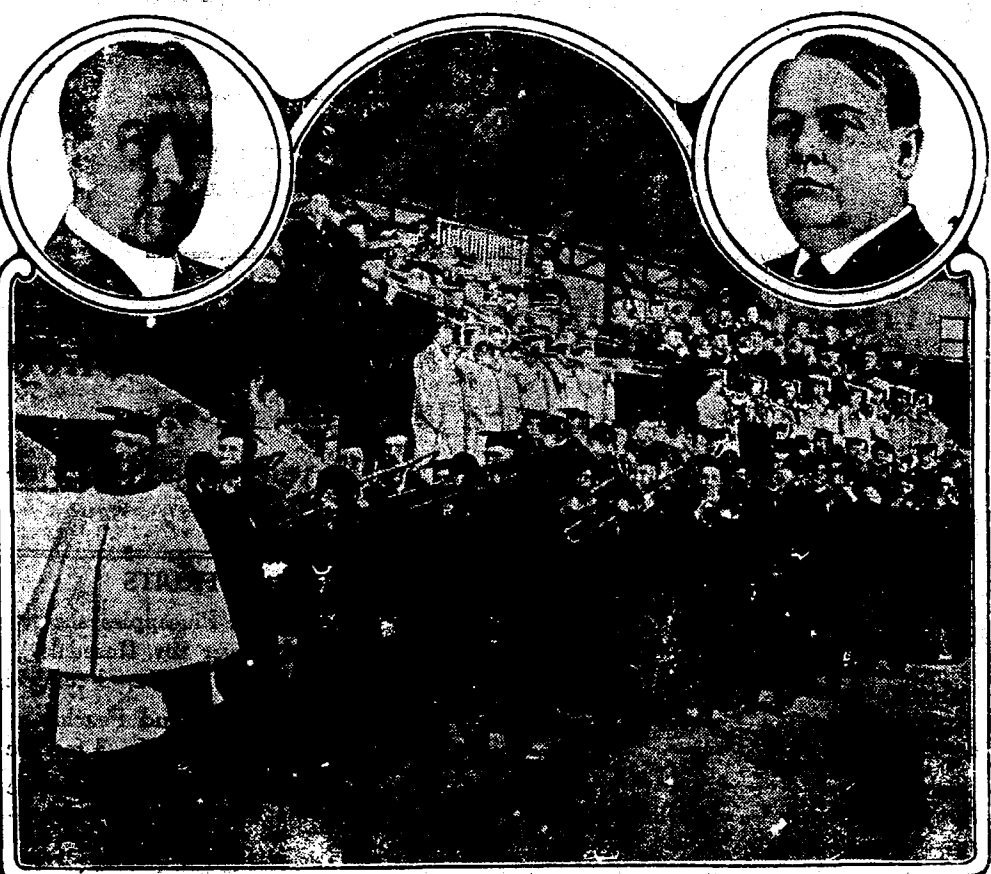
" " over 500,000.00 50% " 50% "

THE BEST LAXATIVE.

"My sedentary habits have necessitated the use of an occasional laxative. I have tried many but found nothing better than Chamberlain's Tablets," writes George F. Daniels, Hardwick, Vt. Mr. Daniels is proprietor of the Hardwick Inn, one of the model hotels of New England.

Adv.

MAKING A JOYFUL NOISE HERALDING WORLD'S  
GREATEST MISSIONARY EVENT OF THE CENTURY



The Methodist Centenary Trombone Choir of 100 instruments is here shown leaving the stage in recessional. At the head is Frank M. Sutphen, director. This is the first time 100 trombones ever have been organized into a single musical unit. Above, at the left, is S. Earl Taylor, director general of the celebration. At the right is W. B. Beauchamp of Nashville, Tenn., associate director general of the celebration, representing the Methodist Church South.

ONE hundred trombones, mobilized for the Methodist Centenary Celebration in Columbus, Ohio, June 20 to July 7, will pour forth the harmony of "Hallelujah Chorus" and "Holy City" in the huge Coliseum where the musical features of the celebration will be held.

One hundred trombones—some so large and some so small that they must be made to order—will blend their music in the largest, and, so far as is known, the only choir of its kind in the world.

Being absolutely new and unique, the trombone choir has presented any number of difficulties to its organizers, the Centenary Celebration committee. In the first place, they must find 100 trombone players within reasonable distance of Columbus. They solved this problem by mobilizing all the professional players, and completing the organization with talented amateurs. Anthony Ruppertsburg was made business manager of the choir,

and Frank M. Sutphen, a well known trombonist of Columbus, was secured as director of the 100 musicians, who are contributing their time and talent to making a success of the Centenary Trombone Choir.

A greater problem lay in what to play, for no music had ever been written for a trombone choir of 100 players. It had to be specially prepared. Nationally known composers are now at work arranging such sacred and semi-sacred selections as the "Soldiers' Chorus" from Faust, "Holy City," "Hallelujah Chorus" and "Onward Christian Soldiers" for the huge choir.

The Centenary Choir is composed of 12 soprano trombones, 18 altos, 40 tenors, 18 baritone and 12 bass trombones. These 100 instruments are arranged to form six separate choirs, each a musical unit in itself. At the extreme right of each bank, or choir, come two soprano trombones no larger than cornets. These instruments are made to order. Next come three altos, then two first tenors, and

two second tenors. In the center of each row are the third and fourth tenors. Next come the first, second and third baritones, each with a part of its own, then the big B flat bass trombone, and on the end of each choir, the F bass, a majestic affair, which also had to be made to order for the Centenary Choir.

"Most people have the mistaken idea that the trombone is a blaring, blasting instrument, used solely for the purpose of making noise," says Mr. Sutphen, the director. "On the contrary, it is one of the truest of musical instruments. Having neither valves nor frets, it can be tuned perfectly as it is played, and its tones can be softened to the mellow notes of the violin."

"So adaptable is the trombone, so wonderful is its power of expression, that it can take the place of flute, cello, cornet or violin, in an orchestra. And the same variety of tones may be perfected in a correctly balanced choir of trombones as the largest organ can produce."

GIVING OUT.

The Struggle Discourages Many a Citizen of Grayling.

Around all day with an aching back.

Can't rest at night;

Enough to make any one give out.

Doan's Kidney Pills are helping thousands.

They are for kidney backache; And other kidney ills.

Here is Grayling proof of their merit:

Mrs. F. Serven, Park St., says: "I was bothered at times with a weak

and lame back and often the small of

my back was sore and ached dreadfully. My kidneys acted irregularly and I felt tired and languid. Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at Lewis' Drug Store, have never failed to relieve me, ridding me of the complaint."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Serven had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Adv.

Quick Cure for Croup.

Watch for the first symptom.

hoarseness and give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. It is prompt and effective. Adv.

HAS HAD STOMACH TROUBLE FOR SEVEN YEARS.

Theodore Sanford of Fenmore, Mich., has had stomach trouble for seven years and could not eat vegetables or fruit without pain in the stomach and restless nights. By taking Chamberlain's Tablets he is now able to eat vegetables or fruit without causing pain or sleeplessness. If troubled with indigestion or constipation give these tablets a trial. They are certain to prove beneficial.

Adv.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.

READ THIS. IT IS FOR YOU.